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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/804,874	03/19/2004	David E. Wang	030499	7654

23696 7590 12/26/2007
QUALCOMM INCORPORATED
5775 MOREHOUSE DR.
SAN DIEGO, CA 92121

EXAMINER

YUN, EUGENE

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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2618

NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
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12/26/2007

ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

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kascanla@qualcomm.com
nanm@qualcomm.com

Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/804,874

Applicant(s)

WANG ET AL.

Examiner

Eugene Yun

Art Unit

2618

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 01 October 2007.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-48 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-48 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 01 October 2007 is/are: a) ☒ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
- Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☐ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application
- 6) ☐ Other: _____

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

2. Claims 1-48 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ramesh et al. (US 6,085,103) in view of Marchetto et al. (US 5,414,734).

Referring to Claim 1, Ramesh teaches a method of testing a plurality of wireless subscriber stations, comprising:

Generating a broadcast signal (see col. 3, lines 21-25 noting that the AM signal is the broadcast signal); and

creating a plurality of independently faded signals from the broadcast signal (see col. 6, lines 17-21).

Ramesh does not teach the use of digital signals. Marchetto teaches the use of digital signals (see col. 5, lines 57-63) and transmitting the plurality of independently faded signals to each of the wireless subscriber stations under test (see col. 7, lines 3-13 and 68 and 70 of fig. 3 where the signals 68 and 70 are transmitted from transmitter 66). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the teachings of Marchetto to said method of Ramesh in order to enable the use of higher data rates.

Referring to Claim 13, Ramesh teaches an apparatus to test a plurality of wireless subscriber station, comprising:

A base station simulator configured to generate a broadcast signal (see col. 3, lines 21-25 noting that the AM signal is the broadcast signal); and

A processor configured to create a plurality of independently faded signals from the broadcast signal (see col. 6, lines 17-21).

Ramesh does not teach the use of a digital processor. Marchetto teaches the use of a digital processor (see col. 5, lines 57-63) and an interface configured to transmit the plurality of independently faded signals to each of the wireless subscriber stations under test (see col. 7, lines 3-13 and 68 and 70 of fig. 3 where the signals 68 and 70 are transmitted from transmitter 66). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the teachings of Marchetto to said device of Ramesh in order to enable the use of higher data rates.

Referring to Claim 2, Marchetto also teaches monitoring each of the subscriber stations under test to determine whether it can recover the broadcast signal from the plurality of independently faded signals (see col. 7, lines 16-21).

Referring to Claims 3 and 14, Ramesh also teaches receiving a signal from each of the wireless subscriber stations under test, digitally creating at least one independently faded signal from each of the received signals, and generating a second broadcast signal for the wireless subscriber stations under test based on said at least one independently faded signal created from each of the received signals (see col. 6, lines 17-21).

Referring to Claims 4 and 16, Ramesh also teaches converting each of the digitally created faded signals to an analog faded signal at a carrier frequency (see col. 4, lines 3-10). Marchetto teaches providing the faded signals to their respective subscriber stations (see col. 7, lines 3-13). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the teachings of Marchetto to said device of Ramesh in order to enable the use of higher data rates.

Referring to Claims 5 and 17, Marchetto also teaches the plurality of independently faded signals including a first faded signal and a second faded signal, the first faded signal having a different fading model than the second faded signal (see col. 7, lines 3-13).

Referring to Claim 6, Marchetto also teaches each of the plurality of independently faded signals digitally created by generating multiple copies of the broadcast signal, independently scaling each of the multiple copies as a function of one or more parameters relating to a fading model, and combining the result (see col. 7, lines 49-67).

Referring to Claim 7, Marchetto also teaches applying a doppler frequency shift to each of the multiple copies (see col. 4, lines 18-20).

Referring to Claim 8, Marchetto also teaches applying a delay to each of the multiple copies (see col. 7, lines 40-48).

Referring to Claim 9, Ramesh also teaches the broadcast signal comprising video (see col. 3, lines 23-24).

Referring to Claims 10 and 23, Marchetto also teaches the broadcast signal comprising a spread spectrum signal (see col. 9, lines 27-47).

Referring to Claim 11, Marchetto also teaches monitoring a digital communications signal from each of the subscriber stations under test (see col. 5, lines 57-63).

Referring to Claims 12 and 24, Marchetto also teaches the digital communications signal from each of the subscriber stations under test monitored by digitally creating two independently faded signals from each of the subscriber stations (see col. 7, lines 3-13), combining a first one of the two independently faded signals from each of the subscriber stations under test, combining a second one of the two independently faded signals from each of the subscriber stations under test (see col. 7, lines 13-16), and attempting to recover the digital communications signal from each of the subscriber stations under test from the first and second ones of the combined independently faded signals (see col. 7, lines 16-21).

Referring to Claim 15, Marchetto also teaches a plurality of subscriber station test connections (see col. 7, lines 16-21).

Referring to Claim 18, Marchetto also teaches a plurality of processing units each being configured to generate one of the faded signals (see col. 7, lines 16-21).

Referring to Claim 19, Marchetto also teaches a plurality of processing elements each being configured to independently scale the broadcast signal as a function of one or more parameters relating to a fading model, and a combiner configured to combine the independently scaled broadcast signals (see col. 7, lines 49-67).

Referring to Claim 20, Marchetto also teaches applying a doppler frequency shift to the broadcast signal (see col. 4, lines 18-20).

Referring to Claim 21, Marchetto also teaches applying a delay to the broadcast signal (see col. 7, lines 40-48).

Referring to Claim 22, Ramesh also teaches the broadcast signal comprising video (see col. 3, lines 23-24).

Claims 25-48 have similar limitations as claims 1-12.

Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-48 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

4. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any

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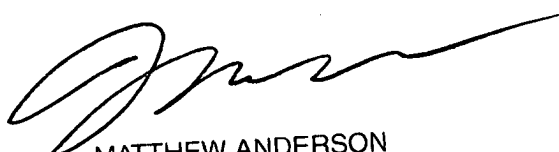
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extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.


Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Eugene Yun whose telephone number is (571) 272-7860. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00am-6:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Matthew D. Anderson can be reached on (571)272-4177. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.



MATTHEW ANDERSON
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER



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